

# **Path-Chek Hygiene Pathogen Detection**

#### **INTENDED USE**

Path-Chek Hygiene Pathogen Detection is intended for use in food handling and manufacturing environments and on food contact surfaces for the detection of important food pathogens. Path-Chek Hygiene Pathogen Detection should be considered as a fundamental component of Good Manufacturing Practice and an integral component of any HACCP (Hazard Analysis Critical Control Points) plan.

#### PRINCIPLE OF THE TEST

Path-Chek Hygiene Pathogen Detection consists of two components (available separately):

- 1. A pre-moistened Path-Chek Hygiene Swab which assists in the removal of bacteria on test surfaces, particularly from dry surfaces. The composition of the wetting agent also ensures that any residual sanitising agents on test surfaces are neutralised. The swabs have a small breakpoint (nick) approximately 45mm from the end of the swab. This is to assist in breaking the swab off at an appropriate length when it is placed into the tube of specific growth medium.
- The Path-Chek Pathogen Detection Broth. Individual detection broths are available for Coliforms, Salmonella species and Listeria species. Each broth comprises a buffered growth medium containing growth promoters, selective agents and a specific indicator system.

#### KIT CONTENTS

## Each item is available separately

PC010 Path-Chek Hygiene Coliform Detection Broth (3ml). 100 x 3ml

PC020 Path-Chek Hygiene Salmonella Detection Broth (3ml). 100 x 3ml

PC080 Path-Chek Hygiene Listeria Detection Broth (3ml). 100 x 3ml

PCS-100 Pre-moistened Path-Chek Hygiene swabs.

100 swabs

#### **ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS**

Incubator set to 35 - 37°C
Incubator set to 28 - 30 C
Rack to hold tubes during incubation
Template 10 x 10cm to assist with sa

Template 10 x 10cm to assist with sampling (See Warnings and Precautions)

## **PROCEDURE**

- Carefully remove the cap from the pre-moistened Path-Chek Hygiene swab (See Precautions).
- Thoroughly swab a standard sample area (10 x 10cm), rotating the swab as the sample is being collected. If sample areas are irregular develop a standard sampling procedure which is documented and used consistently. Label the swab tube with the sample details.

- 3. If the swab cannot be transferred immediately into the Path-Chek Hygiene Pathogen Detection Broth, return it to it's holding tube and store in a cool place. Swabs may be held at a maximum temperature of 20°C for up to 24 hours.
- 4. Place the swab into the Path-Chek Hygiene Pathogen Detection Broth at an angle with the tip of the swab against the side of the tube. Press down on the shaft of the swab. The shaft of the swab will break at breakpoint of the swab, 45mm from the swab tip. (See Precautions) Replace the cap and label the Pathogen Detection Broth tube with the sample details
- Place inoculated tubes into a suitable rack and incubate at the appropriate temperature for the appropriate time. (See Below)
- 6. Observe for colour changes and record the results.

#### **INCUBATION**

PATHOGEN BROTH	INCUBATION CONDITIONS
Coliform	35 - 37°C for 18 – 24 hours
Salmonella	35 - 37°C for 18 – 24 hours
Listeria*	28 – 30 C for 24 – 48 hours

\*NQTE: If Path-Chek Hygiene Listeria is incubated at 35 – 37 C there will, in certain circumstances, be an increased risk of false positives.

#### INTERPRETATION

A POSITIVE result which indicates the presence of a particular pathogen is indicated by the development of a specific colour change. (See Below)

A NEGATIVE result which indicates the absence of a particular pathogen is indicated by no colour change in the Path-Chek Pathogen Detection Broth. (See Below)

PATHOGEN BROTH	INTERPRETATION	
PATHOGEN BROTH	NEGATIVE	POSITIVE
Coliform	Purple	Yellow
Salmonella	Purple	Black
Listeria	Yellow/Straw	Black

### **WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS**

Path-Chek Pathogen Detection Broth may grow potentially dangerous pathogens. All positive samples should be handled using precautions appropriate for the handling of infectious materials.

When collecting samples aseptic procedures should be used. Do not touch the swab tip with hands or fingers.

If a template is used during sampling, it must be sanitized, rinsed and dried before using again.

Follow Good Microbiological Practices where appropriate.

#### STORAGE AND SHELF LIFE

Path-Chek Hygiene Pathogen Detection Broths should be stored at 2 - 8°C when not in use. The pre-moistened sample swabs should be stored at 4 - 25°C. Components should not be used after the expiry date printed on the carton label.

#### **OPTIONAL CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE**

Presumptive positive tests may be confirmed by sub-culturing the Path-Chek Detection Broth onto an appropriate selective agar plate medium for the pathogen being sought. After incubation at 35 - 37°C for 24 - 48 hours, plates should be examined for colonies resembling the pathogen being sought. Any suspicious colonies should be further identified using more definitive tests.

See below for further suggestions that conform to recognised international standard methods such as AOAC, USFDA etc.

PATHOGEN	CONFIRMATION PROCEDURES		
DETECTION BROTH	ISOLATION MEDIA	CONFIRMATION TESTS	
Coliform	VRBA mENDO	Microgen® GNA ID	
Salmonella	XLD BISMUTH SULPHITE	Microgen® GNA ID Microgen ®Salmonella Latex	
Listeria	Oxford Palcam ALOA	Microgen® Listeria ID Microgen® Listeria Latex	

For additional information refer to: A Guide to Environmental Microbiological Testing for the Food Industry – Microgen Bioproducts.

#### **DISPOSAL**

After reading, the tests may be:

- 1. autoclaved and disposed of in the normal manner, OR
- 2. incinerated.

#### **LIMITATIONS**

- Path-Chek Hygiene Pathogen is intended as a screening test. Positive results should, if required, be confirmed by standard bacteriological methods.
- 2. The absence of a colour change does not necessarily imply the absence of target bacteria. Reasons for this may include:
  - a. Inadequate neutralization of sanitizing agents.
  - Numbers of target organisms are below the detection level of the test.
  - The target organisms, although present may be severely damaged and unable to be resuscitated.
- A colour change indicative of the target organism may arise due to the presence of excessively high numbers of other organism species. This is a very important indicator of poor cleaning and sanitising practices.

#### PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

Comprehensive sensitivity and specificity data is available for all pathogen detection products. Please refer to: A Guide to Environmental Microbiological Testing for the Food Industry – Microgen Bioproducts. As a general guide to product sensitivity refer to the following table.

Target Organism	Direct Inoculation (1)	Wet Surface (2)	Dry Surface (3)
Coliform	<5 cfu	<5 cfu	<10 cfu
Salmonella	<5 cfu	<5 cfu	<10 cfu
Listeria	<5 cfu	<5 cfu	<10 cfu

#### Notes:

- (1). Organisms inoculated directly onto swab.
- (2). Organisms recovered from a standard 100cm<sup>2</sup> wet surface.
- (3). Organisms recovered from a standard 100cm<sup>2</sup> surface, dried and then recovered.

Microgen Bioproducts Ltd 1 Admiralty Way Camberley Surrey UK

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# FMCG Industry Solutions Pty Ltd

ABN 22 135 446 007

- Pactory 11A, 1 3 Endeavour Rd, Caringbah NSW 2229
- e www.fmcgis.com.au
- sales@fmcgis.com.au
- 🔇 1300 628 104 or 02 9540 2288